

## 60° COUNTERSUNK SCREW

### SMALL HEAD AND 3 THORNS TIP

The 60° head and 3 THORNS tip allow easy insertion of the screw into small thickness without creating openings in the timber.

### ENLARGED IMPRESSION

Compared to common carpentry screws, it has a larger Torx cavity: TX 25 for Ø4 and 4.5, TX 30 for Ø5. It is the right screw for users requiring strength and precision.

### FASTENING ON TONGUE AND GROOVE BOARDS

For fixing beads or small elements, the 3.5 mm diameter version is perfectly suited for application in joints.



#### DIAMETER [mm]

3 (3,5 5) 12

#### LENGTH [mm]

12 (30 120) 1000

#### SERVICE CLASS

SC1 SC2

#### ATMOSPHERIC CORROSIVITY

C1 C2

#### WOOD CORROSIVITY

T1 T2

#### MATERIAL

**Zn**  
ELECTRO  
PLATED electrogalvanized carbon steel



### FIELDS OF USE

- tongue-and-groove boards
- timber based panels
- fibreboard, MDF, HDF and LDF
- plated and melamine faced panels
- solid timber
- glulam (Glued Laminated Timber)
- CLT and LVL

## CODES AND DIMENSIONS



| $d_1$<br>[mm] | CODE       | L<br>[mm] | b<br>[mm] | A<br>[mm] | pcs |
|---------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| 3,5<br>TX 10  | SHS3530(*) | 30        | 20        | 10        | 500 |
|               | SHS3540(*) | 40        | 26        | 14        | 500 |
|               | SHS3550(*) | 50        | 34        | 16        | 500 |
|               | SHS3560(*) | 60        | 40        | 20        | 500 |

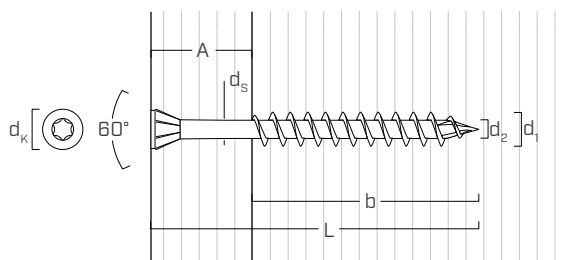
(\*) Not holding CE marking.



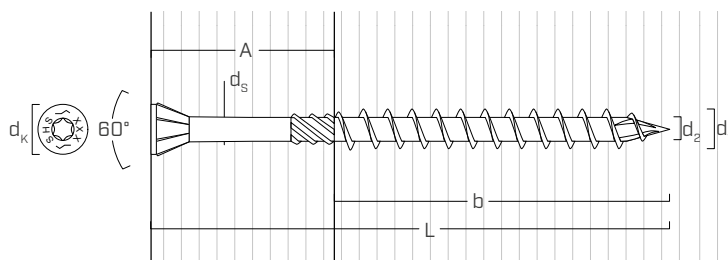
| $d_1$<br>[mm] | CODE    | L<br>[mm] | b<br>[mm] | A<br>[mm] | pcs |
|---------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|
| 4<br>TX 25    | SHS440  | 40        | 24        | 16        | 500 |
|               | SHS450  | 50        | 30        | 20        | 400 |
|               | SHS460  | 60        | 35        | 25        | 200 |
|               | SHS470  | 70        | 40        | 30        | 200 |
| 4,5<br>TX 25  | SHS4550 | 50        | 30        | 20        | 200 |
|               | SHS4560 | 60        | 35        | 25        | 200 |
|               | SHS4570 | 70        | 40        | 30        | 200 |
|               | SHS550  | 50        | 24        | 26        | 200 |
| 5<br>TX 30    | SHS560  | 60        | 30        | 30        | 200 |
|               | SHS570  | 70        | 35        | 35        | 200 |
|               | SHS580  | 80        | 40        | 40        | 200 |
|               | SHS590  | 90        | 45        | 45        | 200 |
|               | SHS5100 | 100       | 50        | 50        | 200 |
|               | SHS5120 | 120       | 60        | 60        | 200 |

## GEOMETRY AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SHS Ø3,5



SHS Ø4 - Ø4,5 - Ø5



### GEOMETRY

| Nominal diameter                          | $d_1$     | [mm] | 3,5  | 4    | 4,5  | 5     |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Head diameter                             | $d_k$     | [mm] | 5,75 | 8,00 | 9,00 | 10,00 |
| Thread diameter                           | $d_2$     | [mm] | 2,30 | 2,55 | 2,80 | 3,40  |
| Shank diameter                            | $d_s$     | [mm] | 2,65 | 2,75 | 3,15 | 3,65  |
| Pre-drilling hole diameter <sup>(1)</sup> | $d_{v,s}$ | [mm] | 2,0  | 2,5  | 2,5  | 3,0   |
| Pre-drilling hole diameter <sup>(2)</sup> | $d_{v,H}$ | [mm] | -    | -    | -    | 3,5   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Pre-drilling valid for softwood.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pre-drilling valid for hardwood and beech LVL.

### CHARACTERISTIC MECHANICAL PARAMETERS

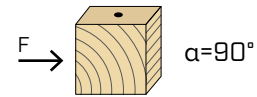
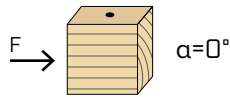
| Nominal diameter | $d_1$        | [mm] | 4   | 4,5 | 5   |
|------------------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Tensile strength | $f_{tens,k}$ | [kN] | 5,0 | 6,4 | 7,9 |
| Yield moment     | $M_{y,k}$    | [Nm] | 3,0 | 4,1 | 5,4 |

|                                 |              |                      | softwood<br>(softwood) | LVL softwood<br>(LVL softwood) | pre-drilled beech LVL<br>(beech LVL predrilled) |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Withdrawal resistance parameter | $f_{ax,k}$   | [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 11,7                   | 15,0                           | 29,0                                            |
| Head-pull-through parameter     | $f_{head,k}$ | [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ] | 10,5                   | 20,0                           | -                                               |
| Associated density              | $\rho_a$     | [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ] | 350                    | 500                            | 730                                             |
| Calculation density             | $\rho_k$     | [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ] | ≤ 440                  | 410 ÷ 550                      | 590 ÷ 750                                       |

For applications with different materials please see ETA-11/0030.

## MINIMUM DISTANCES FOR SHEAR LOADS

screws inserted **WITHOUT** pre-drilled hole  $\rho_k \leq 420 \text{ kg/m}^3$

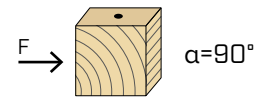
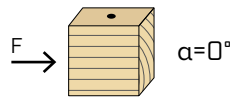


| $d_1$ [mm]     | 4    | 4,5 | 5  |
|----------------|------|-----|----|
| $a_1$ [mm]     | 10·d | 40  | 45 |
| $a_2$ [mm]     | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |
| $a_{3,t}$ [mm] | 15·d | 60  | 68 |
| $a_{3,c}$ [mm] | 10·d | 40  | 45 |
| $a_{4,t}$ [mm] | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |
| $a_{4,c}$ [mm] | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |

| $d_1$ [mm]     | 4    | 4,5 | 5  |
|----------------|------|-----|----|
| $a_1$ [mm]     | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |
| $a_2$ [mm]     | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |
| $a_{3,t}$ [mm] | 10·d | 40  | 45 |
| $a_{3,c}$ [mm] | 10·d | 40  | 45 |
| $a_{4,t}$ [mm] | 7·d  | 28  | 32 |
| $a_{4,c}$ [mm] | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |

$\alpha$  = load-to-grain angle  
 $d = d_1$  = nominal screw diameter

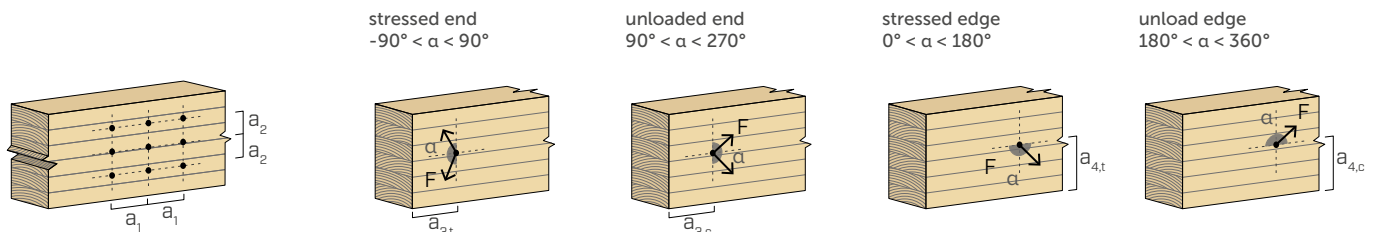
screws inserted **WITH** pre-drilled hole



| $d_1$ [mm]     | 4    | 4,5 | 5  |
|----------------|------|-----|----|
| $a_1$ [mm]     | 5·d  | 20  | 23 |
| $a_2$ [mm]     | 3·d  | 12  | 14 |
| $a_{3,t}$ [mm] | 12·d | 48  | 54 |
| $a_{3,c}$ [mm] | 7·d  | 28  | 32 |
| $a_{4,t}$ [mm] | 3·d  | 12  | 14 |
| $a_{4,c}$ [mm] | 3·d  | 12  | 14 |

| $d_1$ [mm]     | 4   | 4,5 | 5  |
|----------------|-----|-----|----|
| $a_1$ [mm]     | 4·d | 16  | 18 |
| $a_2$ [mm]     | 4·d | 16  | 18 |
| $a_{3,t}$ [mm] | 7·d | 28  | 32 |
| $a_{3,c}$ [mm] | 7·d | 28  | 32 |
| $a_{4,t}$ [mm] | 5·d | 20  | 23 |
| $a_{4,c}$ [mm] | 3·d | 12  | 14 |

$\alpha$  = load-to-grain angle  
 $d = d_1$  = nominal screw diameter

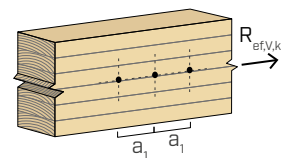


NOTE on page 19.

## EFFECTIVE NUMBER FOR SHEAR LOADS

The load-bearing capacity of a connection made with several screws, all of the same type and size, may be lower than the sum of the load-bearing capacities of the individual connection system. For a row of  $n$  screws arranged parallel to the direction of the grain at a distance  $a_1$ , the characteristic effective load-bearing capacity is equal to:

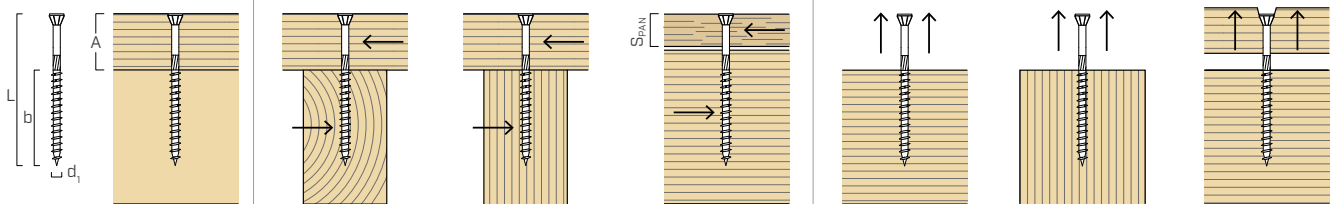
$$R_{ef,V,k} = n_{ef} \cdot R_{V,k}$$



The  $n_{ef}$  value is given in the table below as a function of  $n$  and  $a_1$ .

|   |   | $a_1^{(*)}$ |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|---|---|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|   |   | 4·d         | 5·d  | 6·d  | 7·d  | 8·d  | 9·d  | 10·d | 11·d | 12·d | 13·d |
| n | 2 | 1,41        | 1,48 | 1,55 | 1,62 | 1,68 | 1,74 | 1,80 | 1,85 | 1,90 | 1,95 |
|   | 3 | 1,73        | 1,86 | 2,01 | 2,16 | 2,28 | 2,41 | 2,54 | 2,65 | 2,76 | 2,88 |
|   | 4 | 2,00        | 2,19 | 2,41 | 2,64 | 2,83 | 3,03 | 3,25 | 3,42 | 3,61 | 3,80 |
|   | 5 | 2,24        | 2,49 | 2,77 | 3,09 | 3,34 | 3,62 | 3,93 | 4,17 | 4,43 | 4,71 |

(\*)For intermediate  $a_1$  values a linear interpolation is possible.

|                                                                                    |     |    |    | SHEAR                                      |                                           |                   | TENSION                                        |                                               |                      |                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|----|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| geometry                                                                           |     |    |    | timber-to-timber<br>$\varepsilon=90^\circ$ | timber-to-timber<br>$\varepsilon=0^\circ$ | panel-to-timber   | thread<br>withdrawal<br>$\varepsilon=90^\circ$ | thread<br>withdrawal<br>$\varepsilon=0^\circ$ | head<br>pull-through |                      |
|  |     |    |    |                                            |                                           |                   |                                                |                                               |                      |                      |
| $d_1$                                                                              | L   | b  | A  | $R_{V,90,k}$<br>[kN]                       | $R_{V,0,k}$<br>[kN]                       | $S_{PAN}$<br>[mm] | $R_{V,k}$<br>[kN]                              | $R_{ax,90,k}$<br>[kN]                         | $R_{ax,0,k}$<br>[kN] | $R_{head,k}$<br>[kN] |
| 4                                                                                  | 40  | 24 | 16 | 0,83                                       | 0,51                                      | 12                | 0,84                                           | 1,21                                          | 0,36                 | 0,73                 |
|                                                                                    | 50  | 30 | 20 | 0,91                                       | 0,62                                      |                   | 0,84                                           | 1,52                                          | 0,45                 | 0,73                 |
|                                                                                    | 60  | 35 | 25 | 0,99                                       | 0,69                                      |                   | 0,84                                           | 1,77                                          | 0,53                 | 0,73                 |
|                                                                                    | 70  | 40 | 30 | 0,99                                       | 0,77                                      |                   | 0,84                                           | 2,02                                          | 0,61                 | 0,73                 |
| 4,5                                                                                | 50  | 30 | 20 | 1,06                                       | 0,69                                      | 15                | 1,06                                           | 1,70                                          | 0,51                 | 0,92                 |
|                                                                                    | 60  | 35 | 25 | 1,18                                       | 0,79                                      |                   | 1,06                                           | 1,99                                          | 0,60                 | 0,92                 |
|                                                                                    | 70  | 40 | 30 | 1,22                                       | 0,86                                      |                   | 1,06                                           | 2,27                                          | 0,68                 | 0,92                 |
| 5                                                                                  | 50  | 24 | 26 | 1,29                                       | 0,73                                      | 15                | 1,20                                           | 1,52                                          | 0,45                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 60  | 30 | 30 | 1,46                                       | 0,81                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 1,89                                          | 0,57                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 70  | 35 | 35 | 1,46                                       | 0,88                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 2,21                                          | 0,66                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 80  | 40 | 40 | 1,46                                       | 0,96                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 2,53                                          | 0,76                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 90  | 45 | 45 | 1,46                                       | 1,05                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 2,84                                          | 0,85                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 100 | 50 | 50 | 1,46                                       | 1,13                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 3,16                                          | 0,95                 | 1,13                 |
|                                                                                    | 120 | 60 | 60 | 1,46                                       | 1,17                                      |                   | 1,20                                           | 3,79                                          | 1,14                 | 1,13                 |

$\varepsilon$  = screw-to-grain angle

## GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- Characteristic values comply with the EN 1995:2014 standard in accordance with ETA-11/0030.
- Design values can be obtained from characteristic values as follows:

$$R_d = \frac{R_k \cdot k_{mod}}{\gamma_M}$$

The coefficients  $\gamma_M$  and  $k_{mod}$  should be taken according to the current regulations used for the calculation.

- For the mechanical resistance values and the geometry of the screws, reference was made to ETA-11/0030.
- Sizing and verification of the timber elements and panels must be done separately.
- The screws must be positioned in accordance with the minimum distances.
- The characteristic shear resistances are calculated for screws inserted without pre-drilling hole. In the case of screws inserted with pre-drilling hole, greater resistance values can be obtained.
- Shear strengths were calculated considering the threaded part fully inserted in the second element.
- The characteristic panel-timber shear strengths are calculated considering an OSB3 or OSB4 panel, as per EN 300, or a particle board panel, as per EN 312, with thickness  $S_{PAN}$  and density  $\rho_k = 500 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .
- The thread withdrawal characteristic strength has been evaluated considering a fixing length equal to  $b$ .
- The head pull-through characteristic strength was calculated using timber elements.

## NOTES

- The characteristic timber-to-timber shear strengths were evaluated considering both an  $\varepsilon$  angle of  $90^\circ$  ( $R_{V,90,k}$ ) and  $0^\circ$  ( $R_{V,0,k}$ ) between the grains of the second element and the connector.
- The characteristic panel-timber shear strengths were evaluated considering an angle  $\varepsilon$  of  $90^\circ$  between the grains of the timber element and the connector.
- The characteristic thread withdrawal resistances were evaluated considering both an  $\varepsilon$  angle of  $90^\circ$  ( $R_{ax,90,k}$ ) and of  $0^\circ$  ( $R_{ax,0,k}$ ) between the grains of the timber element and the connector.
- For the calculation process a timber characteristic density  $\rho_k = 385 \text{ kg/m}^3$  has been considered. For different  $\rho_k$  values, the strength on the table (timber-to-timber shear and tensile) can be converted by the  $k_{dens}$  coefficient.

$$R'_{V,k} = k_{dens,v} \cdot R_{V,k}$$

$$R'_{ax,k} = k_{dens,ax} \cdot R_{ax,k}$$

$$R'_{head,k} = k_{dens,ax} \cdot R_{head,k}$$

| $\rho_k$<br>[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ] | 350  | 380  | 385   | 405   | 425   | 430   | 440   |
|----------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| C-GL                             | C24  | C30  | GL24h | GL26h | GL28h | GL30h | GL32h |
| $k_{dens,v}$                     | 0,90 | 0,98 | 1,00  | 1,02  | 1,05  | 1,05  | 1,07  |
| $k_{dens,ax}$                    | 0,92 | 0,98 | 1,00  | 1,04  | 1,08  | 1,09  | 1,11  |

Strength values thus determined may differ, for higher safety standards, from those resulting from an exact calculation.

## MINIMUM DISTANCES

### NOTES

- The minimum distances comply with the EN 1995:2014 standard in accordance with ETA-11/0030.
- The minimum spacing for all panel-to-timber connections ( $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ) can be multiplied by a coefficient of 0,85.
- In the case of joints with elements in Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), the minimum spacing and distances parallel to the grain must be multiplied by a coefficient of 1.5.

- The spacing  $a_1$  in the table for screws with 3 THORNS tip and  $d_1 \geq 5 \text{ mm}$  inserted without pre-drilling hole in timber elements with density  $\rho_k \leq 420 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and load-to-grain angle  $\alpha=0^\circ$  was assumed to be 10-d based on experimental tests; alternatively, adopt 12-d in accordance with EN 1995:2014.